



**MATEMÁTICAS PARA LA COMPUTACIÓN
CAPÍTULO 5. ÁLGEBRA BOOLEANA**

RESPUESTA Y DESARROLLO DE EJERCICIOS
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5.1.-

a) $F = A'B'C' + A'B'CD + A'BC + A'BC'D + ABC' + ABC + AB'D + AB'C'D'$

A	B	C	D	A'	B'	C'	D'	A'B'C'	A'B'CD	A'BC	A'BC'D	ABC'	ABC	AB'D	AB'C'D'	F
0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1

5.3.-

a) $F = A'B'D' + A'BD' + A'BD + ABD$
 $F = A'D'(B' + B) + BD(A' + A)$
 $F = A'D' + BD$

BD		A			
		00	01	11	10
A	0	1		1	1
	1			1	

$F = A'D' + BD$

b) $F = A'CD + ACD + A'B'D + A'B'C + AB'D + AB'CD'$

$$F = CD(A' + A) + B'D(A' + A) + BC'(A' + AD')$$

$$F = CD + B'D + A'B'C + B'CD'$$

$$F = C(D + D'B') + B'D + A'B'C$$

$$F = CD + B'C + B'D + A'B'C$$

$$F = B'C(1 + A') + CD + B'D$$

$$F = B'C + CD + B'D$$

		CD	00	01	11	10
		AB	00	01	11	10
	00			1		
	01				1	
	11				1	
	10			1		
					1	
						1

$$F = B'C + CD + B'D$$

c) $F = A'B'C'D' + A'B'CD' + A'BC'D + A'BCD + ABC'D' + ABCD' + AB'C'D' + AB'CD' + AB'CD$

$$F = A'B'D'(C' + C) + A'BD(C' + C) + ABD'(C' + C) + AB'D'(C' + C)$$

$$F = A'B'D' + A'BD + ABD' + AB'D'$$

$$F = B'D'(A' + A) + A'BD + ABD'$$

$$F = B'D' + A'BD + ABD'$$

$$F = D'(B' + BA) + A'BD$$

$$F = B'D' + AD' + A'BD$$

		CD	00	01	11	10
		AB	00	01	11	10
	00		1			
	01			1	1	
	11		1			
	10		1			
						1
						1

$$F = B'D' + AD' + A'BD$$

d)

$$F = ABC'D'E + ABC'DE + AB'C'D'E + AB'C'DE + AB'CD'E$$

$$F = A'B'C'E(D' + D) + AB'C'E(D' + D) + BC(A' + A) + ABC'D'(E' + E) + AB'CE(D + D') + A'B'C'DE' + ABC'DE$$

$$F = A'B'C'E + AB'C'E + BC + ABC'D' + AB'CE + A'B'C'DE' + BC'DE$$

$$F = B'C'E(A' + A) + B(C + C'AD') + AB'CE + A'B'C'DE' + ABC'DE$$

$$F = B'C'(E + E'A'D) + AB(D' + DC'E) + BC + AB'CE$$

$$F = B'C'E + A'B'C'D + ABD' + ABC'E + BC + AB'CE$$

$$F = B'E(C' + CA) + A'B'C'D + ABD' + ABC'E + BC$$

$$F = B'C'E + AB'E + A'B'C'D + ABD' + ABC'E + BC$$

$$F = C'E(B' + BA) + AB'E + A'B'C'D + ABD' + BC$$

$$F = B'C'E + AC'E + AB'E + A'B'C'D + ABD' + BC$$

		CDE							
		000	001	011	010	110	111	101	100
AB	00		1	1	1				
AB	01					1	1	1	1
AB	11	1	1	1		1	1	1	1
AB	10		1	1			1	1	

e)

$$F = ((A + B)' + C' + D') ((AC)' + (A + (BC))' + D)$$

$$F = (A'B' + C' + D') (A' + C' + (A + B' + C')' + D)$$

$$F = (A'B' + C' + D') (A' + C' + A'BC + D)$$

$$F = (A'B' + C' + D') (A'(1 + BC) + C' + D)$$

$$F = (A'B' + C' + D') (A' + C' + D)$$

$$F = A'A'B' + A'B'C' + A'B'D + A'C' + C'C' + C'D + A'D' + C'D' + D'D$$

$$F = A'B' + A'B'C' + A'B'D + A'C' + C' + C'D + A'D' + C'D'$$

$$F = A'B'(1 + C' + D) + C'(A' + 1 + D + D') + A'D'$$

$$F = A'B' + C' + A'D'$$

f)

$$F = A'B'C'D + A'B'CD + A'B'CD' + A'BCD + ABCD' + AB'C'D + AB'CD + AB'CD'$$

$$F = A'B'D(C' + C) + AB'C(D + D') + A'B'CD' + A'BCD + ABCD' + AB'C'D$$

$$F = A'B'D + AB'C + A'B'CD' + A'BCD + ABCD' + AB'C'D$$

$$F = A'B'(D + D'C) + AB'(C + C'D) + A'BCD + ABCD'$$

$$F = A'B'D + A'B'C + AB'C + AB'D + A'BCD + ABCD'$$

$$F = B'C(A' + A) + B'D(A' + A) + A'BCD + ABCD'$$

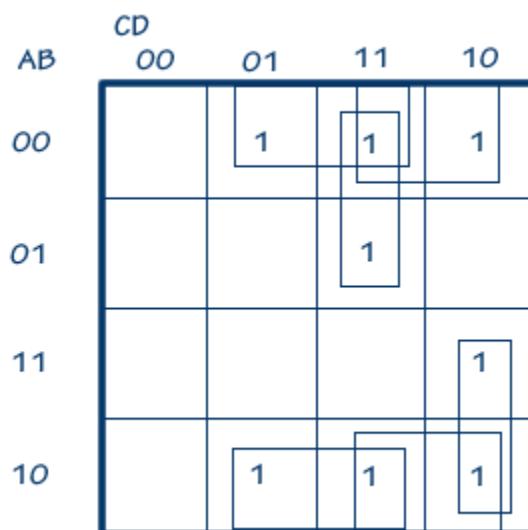
$$F = B'C + B'D + A'BCD + ABCD'$$

$$F = C(B' + BA'D) + B'D + ABCD'$$

$$F = B'C + A'CD + B'D + ABCD'$$

$$F = C(B' + BAD') + A'CD + B'D$$

$$F = B'C + ACD' + A'CD + B'D$$



$$F = B'C + ACD' + A'CD + B'D$$

g)

$$F = A'B'C'D' + A'B'CD + A'B'CD' + ABC'D + ABCD +$$

$$ABCD' + AB'C'D' + AB'CD + AB'CD'$$

$$F = A'B'C(D + D') + ABD(C' + C) + AB'C(D + D') + B'C'D'(A' + A)$$

$$+ ABCD'$$

$$F = A'B'C + ABD + AB'C + B'C'D'(A' + A) + ABCD'$$

$$F = B'C(A' + A) + AB(D + D'C) + B'C'D'$$

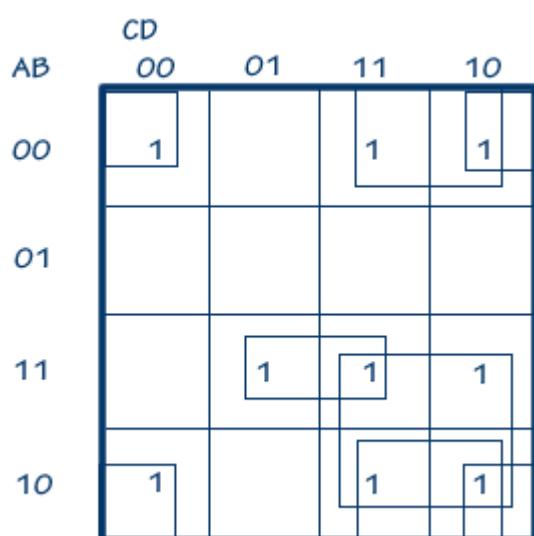
$$F = B'C + ABD + ABC + B'C'D'$$

$$F = B'(C + C'D') + ABD + ABC$$

$$F = B'C + B'D' ABD + ABC$$

$$F = C(B' + BA) + B'D' + ABD$$

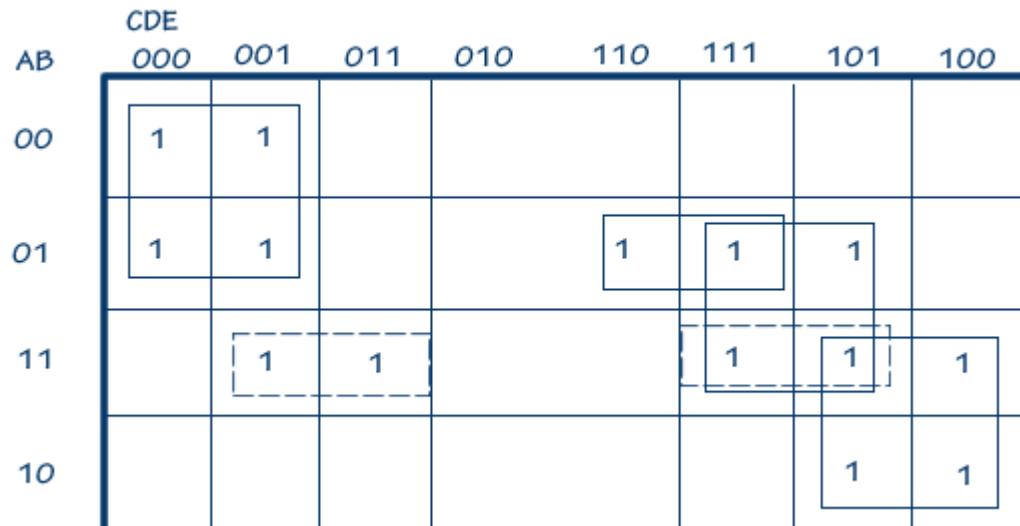
$$F = B'C + AC + B'D' + ABD$$



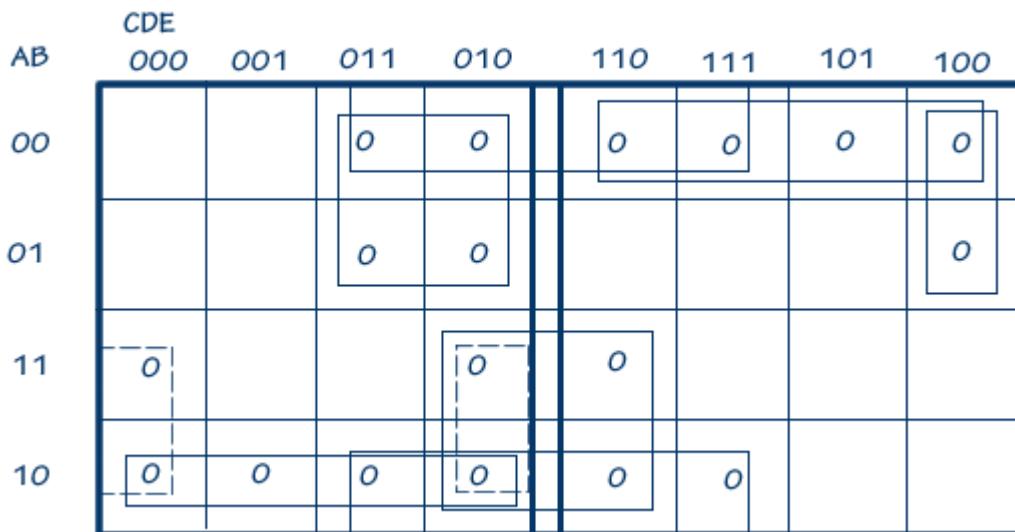
$$F = B'C + AC + B'D' + ABD$$

5.5.-

a)



$$F = A'C'D' + BCE + ACD' + ABE + A'BCD$$



$$F = (A'+C+E)(A'+B+C)(A'+D'+E)(B+D')(A+C+D')(A+B+C')(A+C'+D+E)$$

b)

AB	CDE							
	000	001	011	010	110	111	101	100
00	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
01	1						1	1
11	1	1	1				1	1
10		1			1	1		

$$F = A'B'C' + BD'E' + B'CD + BCD' + A'B'E + ABC'E + AC'D'E$$

AB	CDE							
	000	001	011	010	110	111	101	100
00								0
01		0	0	0	0	0		
11				0	0	0		
10	0		0	0			0	0

$$F = (A+B'+C+E')(B'+D'+E)(B'+C'+D')(A'+B+C+E)(A'+B+C'+D) \\ (A'+B+C+D')(B+C'+D+E)$$

c)

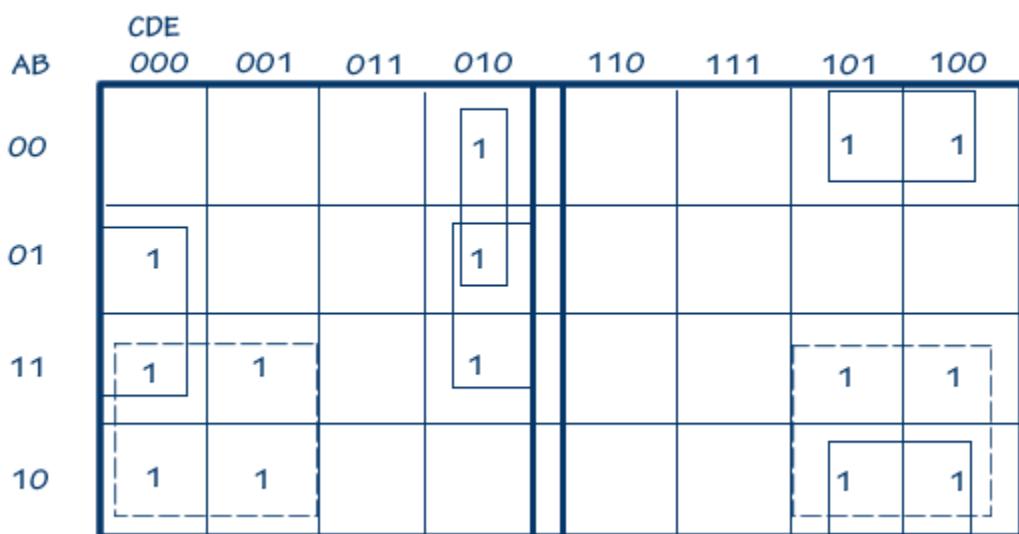
		CDE								
		AB	000	001	011	010	110	111	101	100
AB	00		1	1					1	
					1	1	1	1		
AB	01				1	1	1	1		1
				1	1	1	1			
AB	11		1	1			1		1	1
					1	1				
AB	10				1				1	

$$F = ABC' + A'BD + BCE' + B'CD'E + A'B'C'D' + AC'DE + ABD'$$

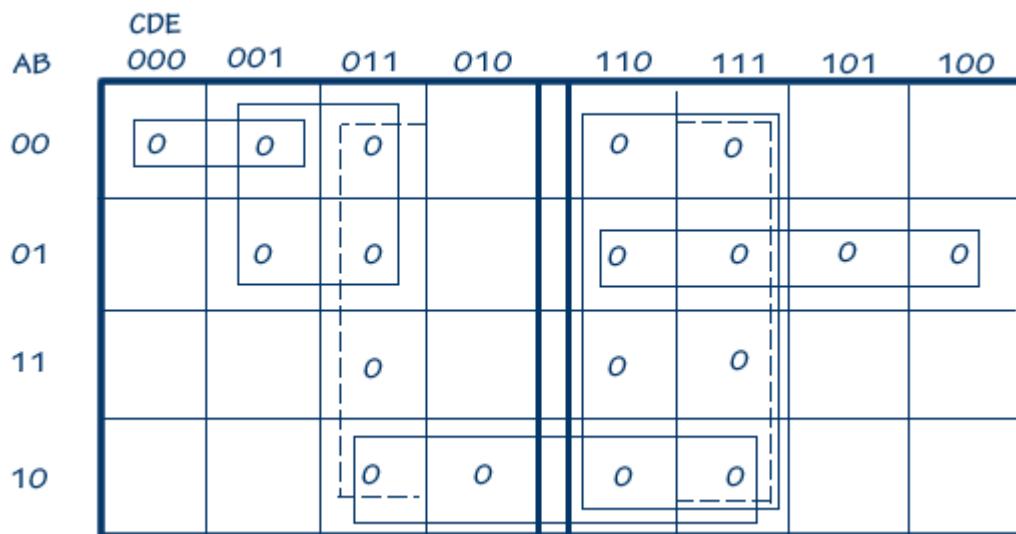
		CDE								
		AB	000	001	011	010	110	111	101	100
AB	00				0	0	0	0		0
				0	0				0	
AB	01									
AB	11							0		
AB	10		0	0		0	0	0		0

$$F = ABC' + A'BD + BCE' + B'CD'E + A'B'C'D' + AC'DE + ABD'$$

d)



$$F = AD' + BC'E' + B'CD' + A'C'DE$$



$$F = (A+B+C+D)(A+C+E')(D'+E')(A'+B+D')(C'+D')(A+B'+C')$$

e)

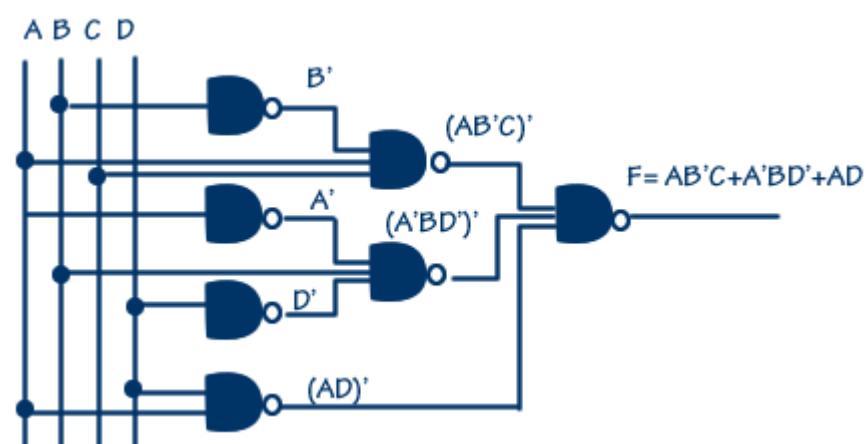
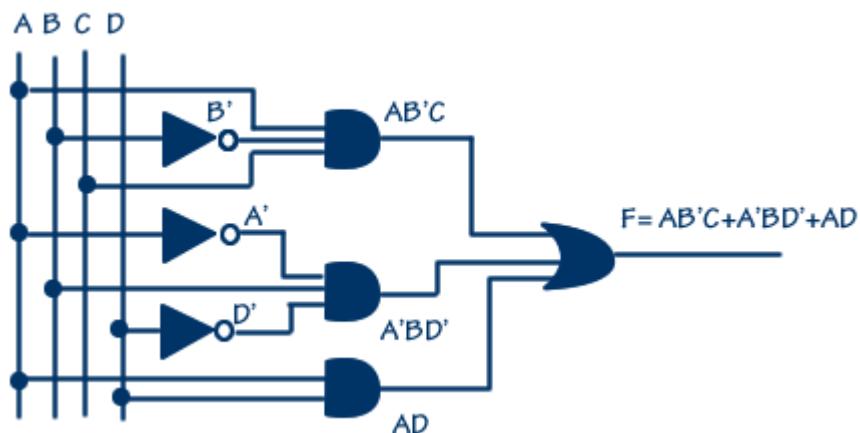
		CDE	000	001	011	010	110	111	101	100
		AB	00	01	11	10	11	11	10	10
00	01					1	1			
				1	1					
11	10	1			1					
								1	1	

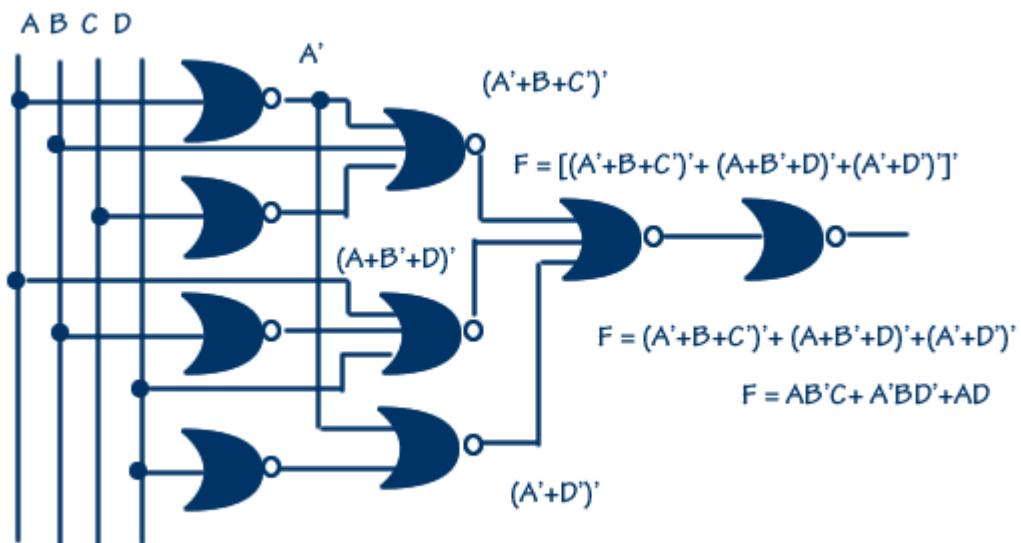
$$F = ABD'E' + A'BC'E + BDE + B'DE' + ACE + BCD'E'$$

		CDE	000	001	011	010	110	111	101	100
		AB	00	01	11	10	11	11	10	10
00	01	0	0	0			0	0		0
		0				0	0		0	
11	10	0		0		0	0			
		0		0					0	

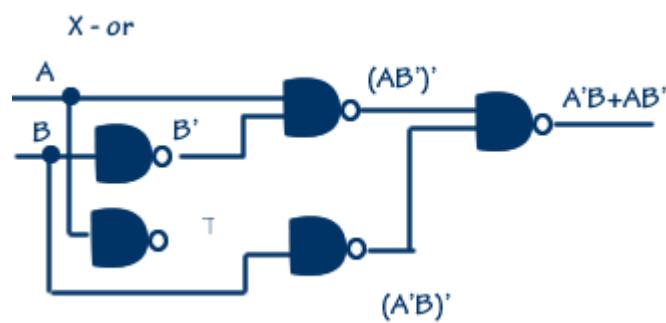
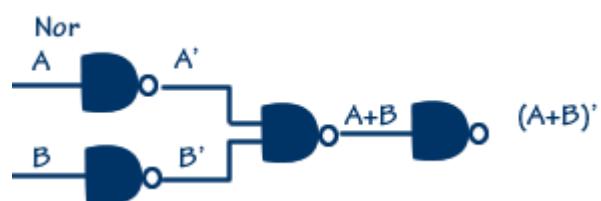
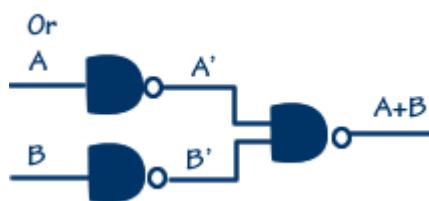
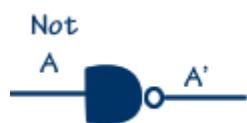
$$F = (B+D+E)(B+C+E')(A+C+D+E)(B'+D'+E)(A+B+E')(A+C'+D+E')(A'+C+D+E')$$

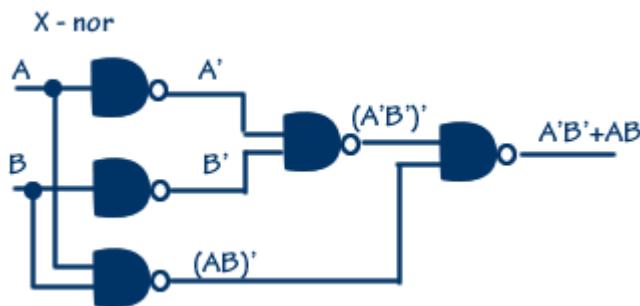
5.7.-





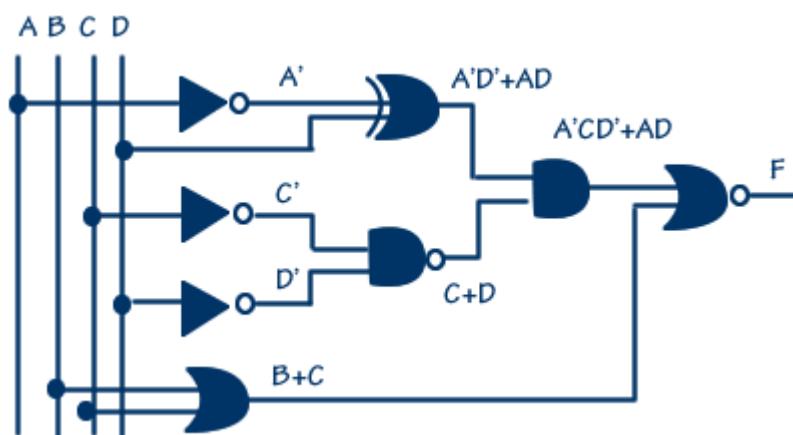
5.9.-





5.11.-

- a) La función booleana de salida es $F = [(A'CD' + AD) + (B+C)]'$ y los parciales de cada una de las compuertas se muestran en el siguiente diagrama (En algunas de las salidas se hicieron algunas operaciones para reducir un poco la expresión).



- b) La función booleana simplificada en sumas de productos es $F = B'C'D' + A'B'C'$, la cual es posible encontrar usando la función de salida y simplificándola por medio de teoremas o bien mapas de Karnaugh.
- c) La función booleana simplificada en productos de sumas, es $F = B'C'(A' + D')$.

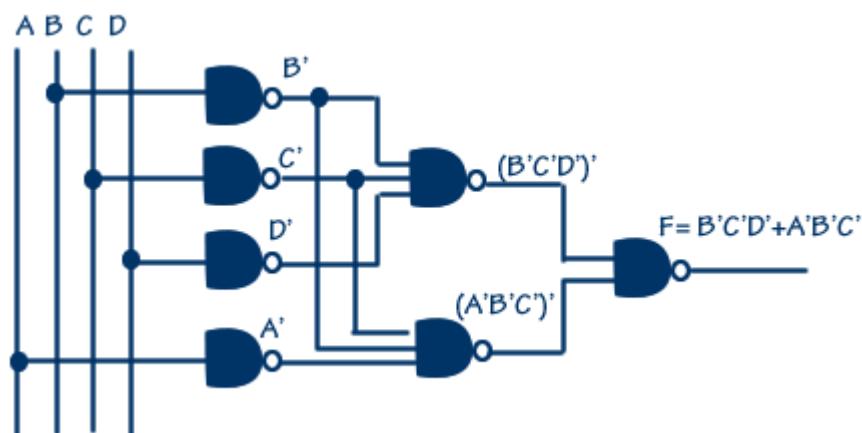
d)

A	B	C	D	A'	B'	C'	D'	B'C'D'	A'B'C'	B'C'D'+A'B'C'	A'CD'	A'CD'+AD	B+C	F
0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1
0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1
0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0
0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0
0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1
1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0

$$\text{Donde } F = [(A'CD'+AD)+(B+C)]'$$

En la tabla de verdad anterior se puede observar que efectivamente las expresiones booleanas $[(A'CD'+AD)+(B+C)]'$ y $B'C'D' + A'B'C'$ son lógicamente equivalentes ya que coinciden en todas sus líneas.

e) Expresión $F = B'C'D'+A'B'C'$ con compuertas Nand



- f) Diagrama de la expresión booleana obtenida en el inciso c, usando para ello exclusivamente compuertas Nor.

