21 BOUNDARY SURVEYS

Asterisks (*) indicate problems that have answers given in Appendix G.

21.1 Define the following terms:

(a) Retracement survey From Section 21.2, paragraph 1:

"retracement surveys to recover and monument or mark boundary lines that were previously surveyed "

(b) Practical location From Section 21.3, paragraph 2:

"The term *practical location* is used by the legal profession to describe an agreement, either explicit or implied, in which two adjoining property owners mark

out an ambiguous boundary, or settle a boundary dispute."

(c) Color of title

From Section 21.11, paragraph 1: "a claim to a parcel of real property based on some written instrument, though a defective one."

(d) Parol evidence

From Section 21.2, paragraph 3:

"Often it is necessary to obtain *parol evidence*; that is, testimony from people who have knowledge of accepted land lines and the location of corners, reference points, fences, and other information about the correct lines."

21.2 What are the essential elements of a metes-and-bounds property description?

From Section 21.4, paragraph 5:

(1) Point of commencement, (2) Point of beginning, (3) Definite corners, (4) Lengths and directions of property sides, (5) Names of adjoining property owners, and (6) Areas.